No. 20.365.

WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1916-TWENTY-SIX PAGES.

ONE CENT.

BREAK WITH MEXICO CANNOT BE AVERTED, LATE REPORTS SAY Better Feeling Prevails, Due to

Information From Carranza Government Is That Orders to Attack U.S. Troops Will Not Be Changed.

EVEN MORE DEFIANT STAND FAVORED IN MEXICO CITY

Advices Fail to Indicate When Full Reply to American Demands Will Be Received-Protection Again Is Promised to United States Citizens in Mexico.

A break between the United States and Mexico cannot be averted, according to latest information from Mexican sources close to the provisional government, to counselors of the administration nere. Private advices reaching Washington from a reliable source in Mexico City today said Gen. Carranza and his advisers had determined to stand by orders to Gen. Trevino to attack American troops in Mexico moving in any direction except toward the border.

A faction of the Mexican cabinet, it was said, was urging an even more defiant attitude, and wanted to include in the reply to the American request for a statement of intentions a new demand for immediate withdrawal of all United States troops now on Mexican

The advices did not indicate when the response from Carranza nary arrangements for the return, as

would tion from his government. before An overnight message

over today.

message from Gen.

equipment of the men to be turned

No Indication of Haste.

(Continued on Tenth Page.)

An overnight message from Gen.
War Department officials appeared
satisfied with the progress of the National Guard mobilization on the border. Sufficient troops to meet any immediate development are expected to be mediate development are expected to be ivaliable along the line within a few

arrange to lay the whole matter before

Authority to Draft Guardsmen.

In this connection it was learned to-National Guard into the federal serv- tition of the attack on Geny Pershing's ice whenever the President shall decide forces. the step is necessary.

The draft would apply, they believe. Wilson's note making the demand, and

The draft would apply, they believe, to all guardsmen, whether they take a new oath or not. Under this construction the whole enrolled strength of the state troops, now upward of 130,000 men, could be called into the federal service without dela, and be used either on the border or in Mexico.

The aspect of the resolution was not debated in Congress, but many members

leged maltreatment of Mexicans on the American side of the border, and asked American sine of the bounds, and that steps be taken to prevent further termined to get a clear statement of

ing that although the State Department had telegraphed Special Agent Rodgers to warn all Americans to leave Mexico at once, or the United States government would not be responsible for the consequences, actually less than 300 had left Mexico City and not more than 200 left the surrounding bountry.

in Mexico City," said the dispatch, "have elected to remain, as they have been in Mexico throughout all the trouble in the past five years and no one of them who has not gone out of his way to Invite trouble has ever been molested.

avoid a clash, however, and a further struggle to fix diplomatically responsibility for hostilities that may come is foreshadowed.

The American government has forwarded to Gen. Carranza another communication, calling attention to numerous reports of seizure of American officials. In most cases confiscation occurred after the American owners fied from the country.

The attitude of the government on the question of arbitration, which was proposed by Latin American diplomats, as officially outlined, is that aritrated to fix diplomatically restrugile to fix diplomatically restruction to numerous comes for extruction to fix diplomatically restruction to numerous comes for extruction of several restruction to fix dip

Protection to Americans Guaranteed.

"The Mexican government has given positive guarantees for the protection of the lives and property of Americans in the states of Tabasco and Guanajuato whenever such Americans express a desire to remain, and unquestionably it will do so in all other portions of the republic."

In conclusion the message said:

"Since the beginning of international"

as officially outlined, is that arbitration is wholly out of the question; that the United States have hostly outlined, is that arbitration is wholly out of the question; that the United States have nothing to arbitration is wholly out of the question; that the United States has nothing to arbitration is wholly out of the question; that the United States has nothing to arbitration is wholly out of the question; that the United States has nothing to arbitrate. If Gen. Carranza should withdraw his hostile orders, however, and then propose that an attempt be made to formulate through mediators an agreement of some sort for joint operations in protecting the border it might receive consideration. No plan would be acceptable to the United States, however, and then propose that an attempt be made to formulate through mediators an agreement of some sort for joint operations in protecting the border; the united States has nothing to arbitration is wholly out of the question; that the united States has nothing to arbitration is wholly out of the question; that the united States has nothing to arbitration is wholly out of the question; that the united States has nothing to arbitration is wholly out of the question; that the united States has nothing to arbitration is wholly out of the question; that the united States has nothing to arbitration is wholly out of the question; that the united States has nothing to arbitration is wholly out of the Question to have the state and the protection of some sort for joint operations in protecting the border it might except the protection of some sort for joint operations in protecting the border it mi

ons of the republic."
In conclusion the message said:
"Since the beginning of international

TENSION ON BORDER NOT NOW SO GREAT

Release by Mexico of the Negro Cavalrymen.

IMMEDIATE RETALIATORY STEPS THOUGHT AVERTED

Extraordinary Precautions Being Adopted to Keep Secret Routes of Guardsmen.

EL PASO, Tex., June 30 .- Tensio the Carrizal encounter, relaxed per ceptibly today as a result of the safe eturn to American soil of the twentythree troopers of the 10th Cavalry and the American scout, taken prisoner in

Stories told by the soldiers that they had suffered no ill treatment at the hands of the troops of the de facto Mexican government and that every ef fort had been made to control violence manifested by inflamed civil population at Villa Ahumada and Chihuahua City where the prisoners were stoned and jeered, had marked effect here.

jeered, had marked effect here.

In official circles in Juarez, the Mexican city across the Rio Grande, news dispatches that the return of the negro soldiers had averted the possibility of immediate retaliatory steps by the United States were received with obvious satisfaction. Andres Garcia, Mexican consul at El Paso, expressed the belief that the first step looking toward a peaceful solution of the border problem had been taken, and that others would follow shortly.

To Release Bodies of Dead.

At the request of Gen. George Bell jr., commanding the El Paso military district. Mr. Garcia today made prelimi-

The advices did not indicate when the response from Carranza might be expected. The last word on the subject to the State Department came in a message from Special Agent Rodgers, who said he expected the note to be handed him Wednesday night.

President Not Yet Informed.

When President Wilson met with his cabinet today just before leaving for New York to deliver an address, the unfavorable private reports had not reached him and there were practically no new developments in the Mexican not ment have shown that only a few hundred Americans are left in all Mexico.

Official reports to the State Department from Mexican origin have shown that only a few hundred Americans are left in all Mexico.

Carranza Reply Awaited.

Word from Special Agent Rodgers at Mexico City regarding Carranza's reply is received or it becomes apparant to the American note demanding a statement of his intentions still was a reasonable time.

All members of the cabinet agreed after the meeting that both the situation and the policy of the United States Department, to the United States for burial of the bodies of the American government, to the United States for burial of the bodies of the American government, to the United States for burial of the bodies of the American government, to the United States for burial of the bodies of the American government, to the United States for burial of the bodies of the American government, to the United States for burial of the bodies of the American solders, who the bear a carrizal. No accurate figures on the dead at Carrizal. No accurate figures on the dead at Carrizal. No accurate figures on the bodies of the American solders when the exhibited here, at any time, to molest a carrizal. No accurate figures on the bodies of the American solders when the dead at Carrizal. No accurate figures on the bodies of the States pense of the American footies of the bodies of the American solders will-ed at Carrizal. No accurate figures on the bear carrizal. No accurate figures on the bodies of the American on acco

Secrecy Regarded Essential.

Information obtained by the intelligence officers has indicated that such With the troopers captured at Carri- an attempt might be made. Train day that War Department legal experts construe the resolution adopted by Congress and sent to the White House yesterday as granting authority an immediate issue on its demands for to draft every enrolled member of the days connection it was learned to an attempt might be made. Train dent Wilson today in connection with a pardon case. When asked about his plans for the coming presidential campaign Mr. Marshall said he had not arranged to make speeches, but supposed he would former President Marshall called on President Marshall calle

It was hoped at Gen. Funston's headquarters that the greater part of the troops now moving would be on the border by Saturday night and that No time limit was set in President early in the coming week such dispo-sition would have been effected as to heavily reinforced army along the in

Reports that a strong Mexican force had interrupted Gen. Pershing's line of communication were denied.

the aspect of the resolution was not debated in Congress, but many members believe the draft authorization applies only to such members of the guard as take the dual enlistment oath provided in the new army organization bill, effective tomorrow. As practically every guardsmen who has to serve on the border is willing to take the new oath, however, discussion on the question largely is academic.

The Mexican crisis has served as a stimulus to regular army recruiting as well as that for the National Guard. More than 1.100 men were accepted during the last week, establishing a during the last week, establishing a moyerating at full capacity under the authority granted months ago to bring the regulars up to full war strength.

Talks With Secretary Lansing.

Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican ambassador-designate, also took up with Secretary Lansing again the question of alleged maltreatment of Mexicans on the

bus to Colonia Dublan had been turned back last night through fear of a Mex-ican force of 2,000 men. They said that no truck train had left Columbus and that none was then ready to leave.

Clear Statement Sought. Iowa Dry Law Held Valid.

termined to get a clear statement of DES MOINES. Iowa, June 30.—The intentions on which action by the mulct repeal law, which closed saloons On returning to the embassy he made United States can be founded. Carran- in Iowa January 1, 1916, is valid and public a message from Mexico City say-ing that although the State Department avoid a clash, however, and a further court.

DAY IN CONGRESS.

Met at 11 a.m. Resolution asking President to ask stay in execution of Sir Roger Casement introduced by Senator Martine and referred to foreign relations committe Began consideration of agri-cultural appropriation bill. House:

Met at noon.

DISTRICT IN CONGRESS.

The District appropriation bill was before the subcommittee in charge for further consideration.



PRESIDENT TO NAME CREDIT BOARD SOON

One of the Appointees Expect-

ent that he will not respond within a reasonable time.

All members of the cabinet agreed after the meeting that both the situation and the policy of the United States were unchanged as a result of recent developments. The release of the captured troopers has delayed military action, but has not relieved the critical diplomatic situation now existing. It is known that interests in the Mexican capital which have been exerting every effort to prevent a break are much discouraged.

Should the Mexican reply follow the line indicated and be in defiance of the United States, however its meaning might be wrapped about with diplomatic language, there is no indication that the administration would waver in its determination to continue the protection of the border by military operation of the border by military operatio ing details of the mobilization, and general managers of all railroads carrying troops were requested not to make public the movements of trains.

It was explained at Gen. Funston's headquarters that the unusual measures were not taken to prevent the news of just where the American troops would be stationed from reaching Mexicans, but to render more difficult any attempt that might be made to wreck one of the trains.

Credits. Senators Martin and Hollis called on President Wilson today to recalled on President Wilson today to recall to suppress all department army commanders and secretary McAdoo is by law to be another member of the board.

It is the desire of the President and Secretary McAdoo to put the new farm loan, law into effect as speedily as possible and the President's efforts will be directed to getting a board of competent men who can take charge of the work and organize a force of clerks who will under the carrying troops and the president will be day that orders have been sent to all department army commanders to suppress all news concerning to suppress all news concerning to opposite the board.

It is the desire of the President and Secretary McAdoo to put the new farm loan, law into effect as speedily as possible and the President's efforts will be directed to getting a board of competent men who can take charge of the work and organize a force of clerks who will be

Vice President Marshall's Plans. Vice President Marshall called on Presi-

held before the departure of the Presi-dent, most of the time being given to a consideration of the difficulties with Mexico and the attitude of the adminis

TENSION BETWEEN SWISS AND GERMANY CONTINUES

GENEVA, June 30.-The tension be ween Switzerland and Germany regarding food and cotton supplies continues. The Swiss government has President Wilson Pleased With asked for a further delay, but Germany demands the immediate delivery of 32,000 bales of cotton sequestered in Switzerland, and also free food trade on the frontier, which the entente on the frontier, which the entente allies prohibit.

Failure to receive coal from Ger-many would greatly affect Switzerland, which now imports daily 65,000 tons of German coal.

FEAR HE WAS MURDERED. Milliam H. Medford of Dorchester

County Figures in Maryland Mystery CAMBRIDGE, Md., June 30-William H. Medford, clerk of the Dorchester county circuit court and prominent in republican local politics, business and social circles, is thought to have been murdered on a lonely road in lower Dorchester county last night by a strange man whom he is presumed to have been giving a ride in his automo-bile. The body has not been found and

the only reason."

The body has not been found and is supposed to have been thrown into the river.

The car was found on the roadside by Fred Hundley, a farmer, who had been guided to the spot by the stranger. The latter told Hundley that a man with whom he was riding lost control of his automobile and jumped into the river. Medford's coat, cap, collar and cravat and a bunch of keys were in the bottom of the car. The stranger disappeared shortly after reaching the car with Hundley.

The Cancel Freer Stock Assessment.

The fact that the Supreme Court had failed to reappoint any one of the three members whose terms were expiring came as a distinct surprise to those interested in school affairs. Mr. Blair had served two terms on the profit on a sale of shares of stock owned by Charles L. Freer of Detroit, Mich., amounting to \$1,000,000, the proceeds of which are to be used by the Smithsonian Institution in erecting a building to least members in point of service. Mrs. peared shortly after reaching the car with Hundley.

THE MEN BEHIND THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

Though Thomas Jefferson is the real author of the Declaration of Independence, a number of men had formally expressed its sentiments before this great document was written. You will find this article in The Sunday Star.

CENSORSHIP IS IN FORCE THREE ARE APPOINTED

Secretary Baker Orders Suppression of All News Concerning Troop Movements.

Secretary Baker announced toav that orders have been sent to

Former President Accepts Invitation Extended to Him Several Days

nominee himself. At Tremenden the fermer President lunched with Mr. and Mrs. Hughes, the Misses Hughes having decided to lunch with their uncle, Dr. Colin S. Carter, to give the nominee and Mr. Taft an opportunity to discuss the political situation undisturbed.

Mr. Hughes today played his first game of golf since the Chicago convention. The nominee's opponent was Lawrence H. Green, his secretary, who, besides playing the game, took dictation on the green between plays. undisturbed.

PRAISES THE JERSEY BOYS.

from President Wilson in reply to the state executive's communication to the White House that the New Jersey troops were the first to be mobilized and asking that two other New Jersey regiments be sent to the border. "It is fine to think how promptly the Jersey boys got ready," the President's letter reads. "I feel some hesitation in interfering with the plans of the War Department because I know so well how thoroughly they have studied well how thoroughly they have studied them out with a view to disposing the troops most effectively on the border, but you may be sure we shall want the Jersey men as soon as it is possible to handle them. We have not called out the whole force in the states where there may conceivably be some other work for the National Guard to do, and you may be sure that that is the only reason."

TO EDUCATION BOARD

John Van Schaick, Jr.; Marguerita S. Gerry and Dr. J. H. Johnson Chosen.

John Van Schaick, jr.; Marguerita S. Gerry and Dr. J. Hayden Johnson were today named as members of the board of education to succeed Henry P. Blair, Miss Edith Kingman Kern and Dr. Creed W. Childs, whose terms as members of the board expire today. The announcement was made late this afternoon by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

In making the announcement of the new members of the board the court said that as an administrative policy they thought the time had arrived for making changes in the personnel. making changes in the personnel.

Rev. Dr. John Van Schaick, Jr., became pastor of the Church of Our Father (Universalist) in 1900, coming from New York, where he was assist-ant paster of the Church of the Divine

Marshall said he had not arranged to make speeches, but supposed he would be invited, and in that event would have something to say. "But I cannot be prouder than I wan in 1876 when I saw summer home here.

a circular advertising a meeting to be held at a town in my state in which the names of several distinguished speakers were given, the list winding up with "and Little Tommy Marshall," the Vice President Wilson left Washington at 12:39 o'clock today for New York, where tonight he will speak before the New York Press Club at the annual banquet of the organization.

The regular meeting of the cabinet was Tremeden, the nominee's temporary summer home here.

BRIDGEHAMPTON, N. Y., June 30.—
Former President Taft was the lanch—end and paster of the Church of the Divine Paternity.

Prior to this time he occupied the chair of history and literature at Emporia College, Kan.

Dr. Van Schaick was born in Cobleskill, N. Y., November 18, 1873, and was graduated in 1894 from Union College at Schenectady, N. Y.

Since coming here Dr. Van Schaick has taken a deep interest in all matters of a philanthropic nature, including the will speak before the New York, where tonight he will speak before the New York Press Club at the annual banquet of the organization.

The regular meeting of the cabinet was accompanied to the station by the Tormer President Taft was the lanch—former President Washington, N. Y., June 30.—

Former President Taft was the lanch—former President Taft was the lanch—former President Wash the lanch—for the Divine Paternity.

Many of the church of the Campaign of the campaign of at Schenectady, N. Y.

Since Coming the vill t

Mrs. Gerry Formerly a Teacher. Margarita Spalding Gerry is a na-

tive of this city, having been born here July 28, 1870; daughter of Harvey and Sophia Hutchinson Spalding. She re-ceived the degree of B.S. from Wellesley College in 1891. She was married to Phillip Fusting Gerry of Catonsville, Md., and Washington in 1898. Mr. Gerry died in May, Mrs. Gerry was a teacher in the high

Mrs. Gerry was a teacher in the high schools of this city from 1892 to 1898, having taught in the Eastern High School. She is a member of the Unitarian denomination and a member of "The Literary." Wellesley Alumnae Association. She is the author of several books and a contributor to magazines. She resides at 2944 Macomb street.

Dr. Johnson Repeatedly Honored. Dr. J. Hayden Johnson is forty-one

years old. He resides at 1842 Vermon avenue. He is a graduate of the local colored high school and of the preparatory department of Howard University. He took a special course in Howard University and graduated from izens' Association. He is chairman of the executive committee of the Parent-Teachers' Association of the Garnett School. He was formerly president and is now chairman of the committee on public health of the Medical Society. He is also state vice president of the National Medical Society. He is president of the Merropolitan Baptist Church. He is the organizer of the Physicians' Reading Club.

The fact that the Supreme Court had zens' Association. He is chairma

SCOTT NOW SLATED AS COMMITTEEMAN

Former Senator May Be Germans Take Fortified Work Chosen by G. O. P. to Represent District.

LEADERS DESIROUS OF PRIMARY LAW HERE

Frequent Contests Are Responsible. Progressives May Help Direct National Campaign.

Advices from New York, where the "steering committee" of the republican national committee conferred yesterday with National Chairman Willcox over the personnel of the campaign management, say that Nathan B. Scott of this city may be chosen national committeeman for the District of Columbia. Mr. Scott was formerly a United States senator from West Virginia, but to the attackers. Considerable activity since leaving that body has been engaged in the banking business here. He has long been identified with campaign affairs of the party and was national committeeman for West Virginia in 1908.

As stated in The Star's dispatches from Chicago during the national convention, the republican national leaders desire that a primary law be ention of delegates in the District of Columbia, to put an end to the contests absence of any legal restriction over the choosing of delegates here. rse, such a law would control the naming of delegates to the convennaming of delegates to the constantions of any political party.
At yesterday's conference it is said also that the steering committee favored the appointment of Charles B. Warren of Michigan as vice chairman



NATHAN B. SCOTT.

of the national committee; that it recommended that former Senator James A. Hemenway and John R. Adams of Iowa be placed in charge of the Chicago headquarters of the national committee.

Dawes May Be Treasurer.

It was also suggested that Charles

with republican leaders throughout the United States.

It is said to be probable that some of the men formerly affiliated with the progressive national committee will take part in conducting the coming campaign of the republican national committee. George W. Perkins and Oscar K. Davis, the latter the present secretary of the progressive national committee are mentioned in this conmittee, are mentioned in this con-

Millionaire Convicted of Fraud. WINNIPEG, Canada, June 30.-Thomas of defrauding the province of Manitobs in the erection of parliament building here, was found guilty by a jury in assize court last night. Sentence will be deferred pending application for a new trial. Sum-ming up for the crown, R. A. Bonnar charged that the government had been defrauded of \$1,182,562.

Aid to Good Living

Readers of The Star profit by the sensible business messages that make up The Star's advertising.

Advertising in The Star aids to good living and helps solve the cost of living.

Yesterday's Advertising for Today's Bargains. Local Display.

The Evening Star 24,924 2d Newspaper 6,703 3d Newspaper..... 6,119 4th Newpaper..... 4,839 3 others combined . . 17,661

Unreliable advertisements are not permitted in The

TERRIFIC ATTACKS MADE ON FRENCH

East of Hill 304, But Later Lose It.

SUFFER HEAVY LOSSES IN AVOCOURT REGION

Sixth Day of British Bombardmens Is Featured by Increasing Number of Raids.

LONDON, June 30 .- In a terrific at-Hill 304, in the Verdun sector, the Germans captured a fortified work in the first line of the French trenches after the garrisons had been literally buried under a storm of shells. The position was recaptured by a brilliant French counter attack, according to an official statement issued by the French war of fice today.

The Germans also delivered a powerful attack on the French positions in Avocourt wood and west of Hill 304, but all their efforts are declared to is reported on the front from Nieuport

British Raids Increase.

The sixth day of the British bombardment of the German lines from Ypres to the Somme was featured by an These raids invariably are preceded by generous shelling of the enemy's trenches, with here and there a con-centrated fire by the new trench mortars, the range and general effective-ness of which have been greatly in-creased. Yesterday the greatest activity was

on the center of the British line, where region of La Bassee. All the morning newspapers today printed lengthy headwhich testified to the extravagant use of shells by the British forces. The Daily Mail says:

The Times headquarters correspond ent says: "The British still retain the initiative and are inflicting heavy losses with surprisingly small casualties to themselves. At no point has there been any permanent change in position. The any permanent change in ground almost everywhere is deep in mud and the trenches full of water, and while the British have harried the enemy badly, no attempt has been made in any of the raids to hold or consolidate. losses, in which we have been very suc-cessful."

British Effort Ridiculed. Berlin newspapers which have just reached London ridicule the British activity on the western front. They declare it is condemned to failure and say that it can only result in the end of the

English continental army. G. Dawes of Chicago be made treasurer and James B. Reynolds of this city be retained as secretary of the committee, a post he has held through several campaigns. Mr. Dawes was former controller of the currency and at present is president of a trust company in Chicago.

Many of the national committeemen Many of the national committeemen when the control of the currency and at present is president of a trust company in Chicago.

Many of the national committeemen many has not and never will have the operative power to drive us out of operative power to drive us out of northern France and Belgium."

French Official Report.

The text of today's French communication follows: "In Belgium last night at about 11 o'clock, following a preparatory artillery fire, German forces attacked a salient of our line not far from the road lient of our line not far from the road between Nieport and Lombaertzyde. A counter attack was at once delivered, which drove the enemy out of one section of trench, where they had gained a footing, between Chaulnes and Roye, A strong German reconnoitering party, caught under our fire, was dispersed before it could reach our trenches.

"Between the Oise and the Aisne two other German patrols also were dis-

"Between the Oise and the Alsne two
other German patrols also were dispersed in like manner, one in front of
Quennevieres and the other at a point
northeast of Vingre.
"In the Champagne district a minog
attack of the enemy with hand grenades upon our advanced posts west of
Butte de Mesnil was easily repulsed.

Series of Violent Attacks. "On the left bank of the River Meuse the Germans last night increased their offensive activity against our positions. stretching from Avocourt wood to point east of Hill No. 304. They directed upon the principal salients of our line a series of very violent attacks. These were preceded by intense bom-

These were preceded by intense boms bardments and accompanied by the throwing of flaming liquids. Between Avocourt wood and Hill 304 all their endeavors were broken by our fire, which inflicted heavy losses upon them. "East of Hill No. 304, after several fruitless assaults, the enemy succeeded in taking possession of a fortified work in our first line, the garrison of which had been literally buried by the German bombardment. At about 4 o'clock in the morning a brilliant counter attack on the part of our troops resulted in our again becoming masters of this work.

resulted in our again becoming masters of this work.

"On the right bank of the river the bombardment has been very spirited in the sectors north of Souville and Tavannes, particularly in the region of Chenois. There was no infantry fighting at these points."

Relief Bill Introduced in House.

A bill to provide support for the dee endent families of national guardsnen has been introduced in the House men has been introduced in the House by Chairman Hay of the military af-fairs committee. This measure takes the place of the paragraph stricken from the Hay resolution authorising the temporary federalization of the guard. It provides a maximum month-ly payment of \$50 to families. The foll will be called up Monday, according to the present plans.